

## Mining Wikipedia as a Parallel and Comparable Corpus

JESÚS TOMÁS  
JORDI BATALLER  
AND FRANCISCO CASACUBERTA  
*Instituto Tecnológico de Informática*

JAIME LLORET  
*Universidad Politécnica de Valencia*

### ABSTRACT

*It is difficult to find parallel text corpora but for a few languages or for specific domains. Recently, collaborative edited multilingual projects, like Wikipedia, are becoming widespread. This paper studies the feasibility of using Wikipedia to obtain parallel corpora. Two types of articles can be used: parallel and comparable. We explore a distinct approach for each type of article. Parallel articles are identified by using – language independent – Web Mining techniques. For comparable articles, we use a classifier. It is based on a log-linear combination of feature-functions, tuned with minimum error criterion. In order to validate our approaches, we report two experiments. First, a restricted domain corpus (pharmacology) in two great diffusion languages (English and Spanish) is obtained. In the second, the corpus is generated for a minority language (Catalan) and Spanish.*

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Inductive methods are currently being considered with increasing interest in multilingual computational linguists. They have an important limitation: a parallel corpus is needed to train their models. For instance, a parallel corpus is required in tasks such as machine translation (Brown et al. 1993; Och & Ney 2000), cross-lingual information retrieval (Chen and Nie 2000) or lexical acquisition (Brown et al. 1991). There are few parallel corpora, for a few languages, and often in restricted domains. Currently, we can find large parallel